of educational quality and the institution's or program's continuing efforts to improve educational quality;

- (c) Conducts at least one on-site review of the institution or program during which it obtains sufficient information to determine if the institution or program complies with the agency's standards;
- (d) Allows the institution or program the opportunity to respond in writing to the report of the on-site review;
- (e) Conducts its own analysis of the self-study and supporting documentation furnished by the institution or program, the report of the on-site review, the institution's or program's response to the report, and any other appropriate information from other sources to determine whether the institution or program complies with the agency's standards; and
- (f) Provides the institution or program with a detailed written report that assesses—
- (1) The institution's or program's compliance with the agency's standards, including areas needing improvement; and
- (2) The institution's or program's performance with respect to student achievement.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1099b)

§ 602.18 Ensuring consistency in decision-making.

The agency must consistently apply and enforce its standards to ensure that the education or training offered by an institution or program, including any offered through distance education, is of sufficient quality to achieve its stated objective for the duration of any accreditation or preaccreditation period granted by the agency. The agency meets this requirement if the agency—

- (a) Has effective controls against the inconsistent application of the agency's standards;
- (b) Bases decisions regarding accreditation and preaccreditation on the agency's published standards; and
- (c) Has a reasonable basis for determining that the information the agency relies on for making accrediting decisions is accurate.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1099b)

§ 602.19 Monitoring and reevaluation of accredited institutions and programs.

- (a) The agency must reevaluate, at regularly established intervals, the institutions or programs it has accredited or preaccredited.
- (b) The agency must monitor institutions or programs throughout their accreditation or preaccreditation period to ensure that they remain in compliance with the agency's standards. This includes conducting special evaluations or site visits, as necessary.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1099b)

§ 602.20 Enforcement of standards.

- (a) If the agency's review of an institution or program under any standard indicates that the institution or program is not in compliance with that standard, the agency must—
- (1) Immediately initiate adverse action against the institution or program; or
- (2) Require the institution or program to take appropriate action to bring itself into compliance with the agency's standards within a time period that must not exceed—
- (i) Twelve months, if the program, or the longest program offered by the institution, is less than one year in length;
- (ii) Eighteen months, if the program, or the longest program offered by the institution, is at least one year, but less than two years, in length; or
- (iii) Two years, if the program, or the longest program offered by the institution, is at least two years in length.
- (b) If the institution or program does not bring itself into compliance within the specified period, the agency must take immediate adverse action unless the agency, for good cause, extends the period for achieving compliance.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1099b)

§ 602.21 Review of standards.

(a) The agency must maintain a systematic program of review that demonstrates that its standards are adequate to evaluate the quality of the education or training provided by the institutions and programs it accredits and relevant to the educational or training needs of students.